



Sled-dog Welfare

The development of a responsible
industry

Our History as a Kennel

Started the farm in 2007

Looked at Best Practices & Business Models in > 20 farms / 3 countries

We came from other industries...responsible tourism worldwide (Africa, Asia, Europe) global corporations, dogs in border patrol.

Established our own way of working from a basic moral imperative...

Laughed at in first Kiruna Sled-dog Symposium in 2011 w.r.t. 'naïve' *no culling, restricted breeding, marketing of 'responsible' etc policies*

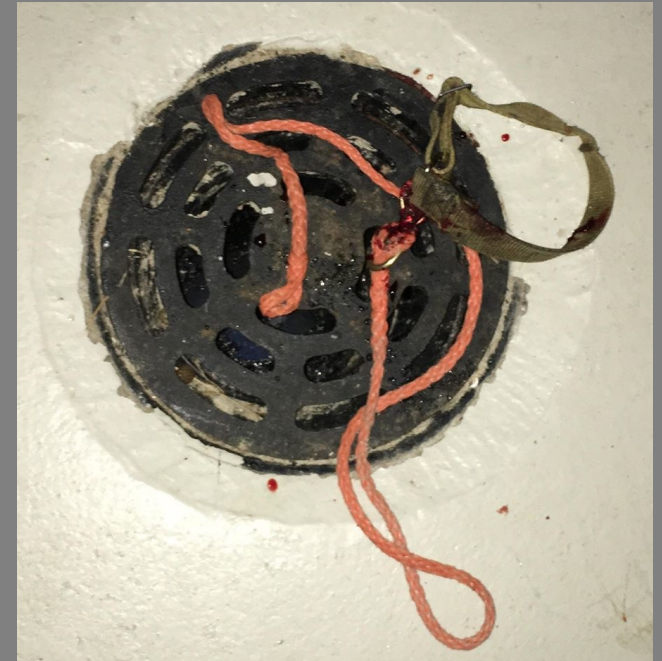


The reality is that behind the scenes, we
are definitely not squeaky clean as an
industry...



Commonly accepted practices, even by those at the forefront of the industry, are outdated and not talked about.

Moral Imperative to change or Business Argument (needs-driven in the age of PETA and the popular press?)...either way, it will have to come.



As an industry, we need to both clean up our act and be able to speak from a position of transparent responsibility if we have any chance of success against them.

Or accepted practices like culling unwanted dogs - even when behind closed doors – will come back to haunt us all.

These practices are increasingly unacceptable even to our guides.

And yet, without chipping, it is impossible to hold companies accountable?

In 2015 our work towards raising standards within the sled-dog industry earned us a gold in the World Responsible Tourism Awards

Whenever we are asked to talk about the positive welfare actions taken by sled-dog owners, we try to do so...

Xmas The Dog Rescuers



Chains: One of the most contentious issues

<https://medium.com/hetta-huskies/ruminating-on-sled-dog-welfare-guidelines-b8e1213665bf>



Anna McCormack

May 22, 2019 · 15 min read · Listen



Ruminating on Sled-dog Welfare Guidelines



We were asked again, this week, to comment on some of the various guidelines that are being developed about animal welfare around the world.

I spent so long on the formulation of the reply, I figured I should share my thoughts, even though I know that they are contentious, since they apply across any set of guidelines that might be being developed.

Tethering vs Caging...the classic debate

With tethering and caging, I believe that the issues are probably quite different for each set of animals, and therefore I worry a little about any guidelines that try to develop mandates that work for camels, elephants, reindeer and sled-dogs under the same umbrella.

All I really know about, is sled-dogs.

From a sled-dog perspective, the tethering PETA campaigns in the popular press are, to be honest, pretty frustrating.



A Comparison of Tethering and Pen Confinement of Dogs

Seong C. Yeon, Glen Golden, Wailani Sung, Hollis N. Erb,
Arleigh J. Reynolds, and Katherine A. Houpt

*College of Veterinary Medicine
Cornell University*



Chains not only facilitate maximal client interaction with the dogs, but allow a greater range of view for the dogs and also ensure that they don't get injured when running.

We will not walk calmly into the night when it comes to guidelines saying they are bad by those who don't know better.



99% of our cages (we have two specific exceptions) are designed to house 3-5 dogs whereas in nearly 100% of the cases, we have a maximum of 2 dogs in each.





And yet a bigger question is maybe...how well insulated are the kennels and how well maintained are the kennels and cages?

We don't excel at this aspect of welfare as an industry.

The law doesn't support what we believe should be mandated.

We do our own bit of industry popular press / self-belief that the fluffier arctic breeds don't need insulation...but what, now, IS an arctic breed given that the majority of kennels have Alaskans...Our fluffiest dogs who came from a farm with poorly insulated kennels, have the worst frostbite since they developed a tendency towards it because of their kennels.

GK 6.3 We never have more than three dogs in a standard enclosure although we may have up to four oldies in one of the running fences. The norm is 2.

Gk 6.4 and 6.43 Guideline There is someone on the farm 24/7 to react to any issues. It takes us c.5 mins to walk from one side of the farm to the other.

We do not have elevated platforms etc in the running fences since we have some dogs that we specifically don't want to be able to jump off kennels etc. However, we use the running fences for training or, eg, searching for treats etc. (scenting) during supervised play.



GK 6.2 States that enclosures should be cleaned at least once per day but we would argue that this is not enough. The best farms clean the farm three times per day. We do so twice per day.

Our dog poop is collated and composted to safe temperatures in a fixed area. At present we use a reed bed to filter the nitrates and would need to do wider testing to see if this is better than a closed containment system but we could easily make it one. The compost is ultimately used back on the garden and on the tracks to rejuvenate the tracks.



Summer Fun



Some of our dogs are fostered over the summer months...but this is obviously just a bonus and not a solution.





So we also do what we can, in-house, and have individual training and development targets for each individual dog...



Weekly Medical Checks
Thrice Weekly heat checks
Weight Checks



And detailed Record Keeping



Scheduled Maintenance...Teeth, Nails, Massage, Brushing, Anal Glands





Whilst the mid-aged dogs enjoy running (in clean, intact and fitting harnesses which are colour coded by size (GK 6.6) in lines which are covered and using booties and winter coats when necessary)...

It is important to remember the old, retired dogs and to instigate a system of regular walking to maintain both fitness and mental stimulation / fun... Walking non-running dogs is built into the activity program for our on-farm winter clients and the dogs are walked primarily by guides in the summer months or rotated through one of our running fences. (Only one of our running fences is c.500m² but we believe that it is sufficient in size).





We don't follow GK's +15/+20 and -25 C limits (GK 6.10) to the letter since it wouldn't make sense — it depends on the dog and how well they heat acclimatize (and isn't really to do with breed!) but we have a selection of dogs that we use as go-to dogs for summer mushing so that we heat acclimatize them over time and a selection that we never use since we know we cannot acclimatize them.



Our temperatures frequently fall below -25C but the right dogs in the right equipment can safely run in those temperatures (contrary to the GK limits which are likely to be fairly arbitrary / based on what Lapland Uni plucked from our documentation and misunderstood at the time).



GK 6.6 On overnight trips, dogs should have lined coats for sleeping outdoors.

In our own wilderness cabins, the dogs have small cages and insulated sleeping kennels to live on, during overnight tours. In non-owned locations eg Harriniva's Galdotieva cabins, we cannot put such places up.



Keskimääräinen husky kuljetuslaatikon koko. Korkeus 65 cm , Leveys 60 cm, Pituus 80 cm. Lattiapinta-ala 0,48 m2

Husky notumääritelmä
- Säkäkorkeus:
Urokset 53-60 cm
Nartut 51-56 cm
- Paino:
Urokset 20-27 kg
Nartut 16-23 kg

www.siperianhusky.fi

Carelian Eastpoint ry järjestää kyselyn koirien kuljetuslaatikoiden koosta rekikoiraharrastajilla syksyllä 2009. Kysely jatkuu lokakuun 2009 ja kyselyyn voi vastata os. info@racinghusky.com, jos et halua lähettää henkilökohtaista viestiä kyselyyn voi osallistua myös SHS keskustelupalstalla. Otsikossa mainitut mitat tulevat kyselyn tämänhetkisestä keskiarvosta. - kyselyn viralliset tulokset ja tilasto vastauksista ilmestyy marraskuussa. www.racinghusky.com ja Valjakkourheilulehdessä 3 / 2009.

ISDRA - valjakkourheilun kansainvälinen kattojärjestö suosittelut kuljetuskoppien minimikoota 22,5 kg kokoiselle koiralle, jonka korkeus on noin 57 cm. Korkeus 57 cm - Leveys 50 cm - Pituus 85 cm Jos kopissa matkustaa kaksi koiraa, tulee leveyden olla noin 60 cm. Lattiapinta-ala 0,425 m2

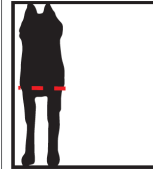
<http://www.isdra.org/>
http://www.mushvillpride.org/Guidelines/Dog_Yard.htm

- Alempi laintukinta koirankuljetuksesta

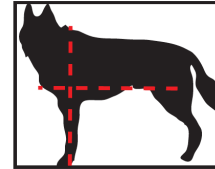
Maa- ja metsätalousministeriö 2004
Suositus / terve ja hyvinvoiva lemmikki.

Jos koiraa kuljetetaan ajoneuvoon kytketyssä perävaunussa, koiran käytettävissä olevan tilan on oltava vähintään:
Korkeus
seisovan koiran korkeus mitattuna lattiasta päällekehen lisätyinä 5 cm:llä
Pituus
koiran pituus mitattuna kuononpäästä hännän juureen lisätyinä 20 cm:llä
Leveys vähintään kaksi kertaa koiran rinnan leveys

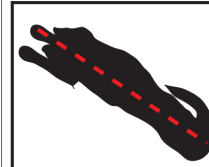
<http://www.b.mmm.fi/ei/julk/tavilemmikki.htm#17>



Rintakehän leveys 20 cm



Säkäkorkeus 55 cm - Paino 22 kg



Pituus makuuasennossa 80 cm



Koiran halkaisija nukkuma-asennossa 50 cm

Kyselyyn laati Carelian Eastpoint RY - Juha Hyvönen -kyselyn tuloksia ei tule sellaisenaan käyttää ohjeistuksena - Maa ja metsätalousministeriö antaa asiasta tarkempia ohjeita.





6.13 Lead dogs are never fastened solely by the collar/ neckline in order to keep the team straight *.

During tours, we have one guide on a SMB and at least one on the front sleigh for up to 6 teams. After that we may have either a second sleigh guide or a second snowmobile depending on capacity.

But it is hard to justify any of this unless the breeding is extremely closely regulated.

HEAT CHECK 2

mark in green).

& marked in blue) & additional information about 'dangerous issues'/ females to watch if necessary.

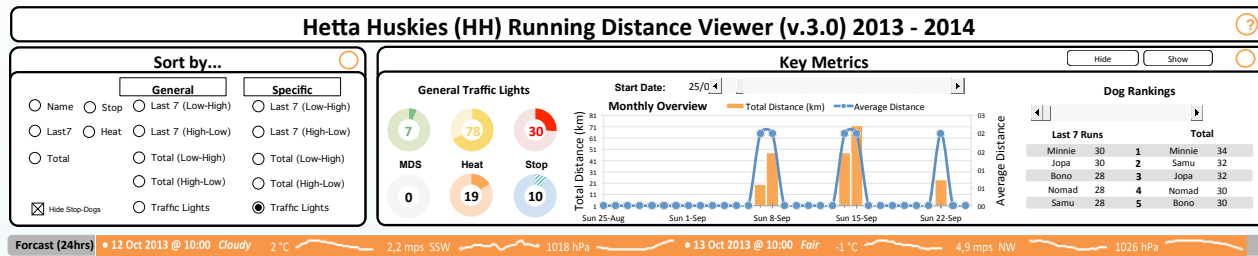
CASTRATED MALES: Al
Cloud, Eureka, Glock, Hick
Kiri Kiri, Malik Manso, Ma
Nalle, Neo, Oates, Pegaso
Teasers, Ti

link a dog might be coming into heat but you are not sure, mark in pink. This colour notation on the chart should remain in place irrespective of your findings on the following check. When you think that a dog hasn't come into heat for a long time, changes are produced and even then it is difficult to notice, just by looking, that the female dog is pregnant. However, you can look out for various signs: 1. mood changes, either the bitch becoming more agitated, aggressive or affectional

[illegible]

| | Name | Weight | ml per dose | Pre-season ml total | Rest of season ml total | TAL ml (pre + in-season) | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Bella (New addition) | 19 | 0,57 | 2,28 | | 2,28 | |
| | Blade | 22 | 0,66 | 2,64 | | 2,64 | |
| | Bono | 24 | 0,72 | 2,88 | 5,04 | 7,92 | |
| | Bruiser | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Jesse | 22 | 0,66 | 2,64 | | 2,64 | |
| | Keri (New addition) | 29 | 0,87 | 3,48 | 13,92 | 17,4 | |
| | Leon (New addition) | 26 | 0,78 | 3,12 | | 3,12 | |
| | Manso | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Meggy | 22 | 0,66 | 2,64 | 4,62 | 7,26 | |
| | Mullers | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Nomad (New addition) | 28 | 0,84 | 3,36 | 13,44 | 16,8 | |
| | Odin | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Tore (New addition) | 27 | 0,81 | 3,24 | 5,67 | 8,91 | |
| | Yana (New addition) | 26 | 0,78 | 3,12 | 12,48 | 15,6 | |
| | Sausage | 16 | 0,48 | 1,92 | | 1,92 | |
| | Chocolate | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | KGB | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Fala | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | | 3 | |
| | Storm | 22 | 0,66 | 2,64 | | 2,64 | |
| | Jani (one month course) | 25 | 0,75 | 3 | 5,25 | 8,25 | |
| | Hendrix | 27 | 0,81 | 3,24 | | 3,24 | |
| | Jupi (loose joints) | 27 | 0,81 | 3,24 | | 3,24 | |
| | Bruno (New addition) | 28 | 0,84 | 3,36 | | 3,36 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | TOTAL | | 16,95 | 67,8 | 60,42 | 128,22 | |
| | | | ml | ml | ml | ml | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | 1,7 | 6,8 | 6,0 | 12,8 | |
| | Cost per 10ml bottle | 63,85 | bottles per dose | bottles total for pre- | bottles required Oct-April | bottles required for | |
| | Dose per dog | 0.3ml/10kg | round | season course | | whole season | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | €108,23 | €432,90 | €385,78 | €818,68 | |
| | | | per dose round | for pre-season course | for selected dogs on full | total cost of | |
| | | | | | season course | cartrophen program | |

[illegible]

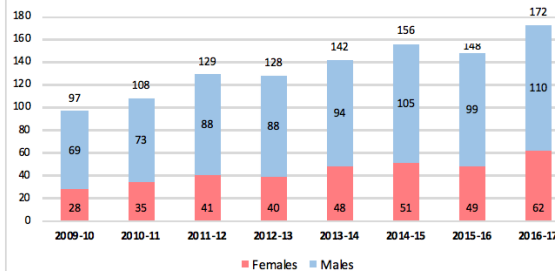


| Gen | Spec | Position | Name | Running | | | | Runs well with | Does not run well with | Last 7 Runs | | | | | | | Season | |
|-----|------|----------|------------------|---------|------|------|------|---|--|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------|------------------|
| | | | | Gen | Spec | Stop | Heat | | | Total (km) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | Total (km) | Overall Rank (%) |
| 1 | 3 | 2L | Pegasos | ● | ● | | | Pilgrim, Mercury | | 4 | | | | | | | 8 | 6,8 |
| 2 | 11 | Pup | Aslan | ● | ● | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | 6 | 6 |
| 3 | 7 | T | Hamppu | ● | ● | | | Eka, Jopa, Bandit, Hulda | | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | 0,8 |
| 1 | 13 | LA | Arvi | ● | ● | | | Samu, Max, Pepe, Suka, Hulda | (Blade) | 2 | | | | | | | 2 | 4,3 |
| 1 | 1 | LA | Hulda | ● | ● | | | Max, Bono, Valko, Helge, Suka. | Any female apart from Suka at present | 16 | | | | | | | 18 | 31 |
| 1 | 1 | LA | Sanna | ● | ● | | | Samu, Princess, Malla, Suka, Bandit, (Diva), males | (Bandit), Cherry, Hulda | 16 | | | | | | | 18 | 31 |
| 1 | 2 | LB | Cloud | ● | ● | | | Bono, Pekki, Princess, Madonna, Tuuli, (Rosie) | most males. Chocolate, Diva (scares her). Peanut, Bella | 16 | | | | | | | 20 | 40,5 |
| 1 | 3 | 2L/T | Bella | ● | ● | | | Samu, Nomad, Jupi, easier females, Diva | more difficult females, trouble, pinky, (grumpy) | 16 | | | | | | | 18 | 31 |
| 1 | 6 | TLT | Milkyway | ● | ● | | | Saturn, Rosie, Meggy, Midori, males (Merlot, Taiga) | (Mighty) | 16 | | | | | | | 18 | 31 |
| 1 | 9 | W | Jolly | ● | ● | | | Merlin2, Jupi, Bruiser, Bandit clan, Manso, Monty, Ponde, | Generally grumpy dog, particularly with males like Helge | 20 | | | | | | | 22 | 53,4 |
| 1 | 1 | LA / T | Helge | ● | ● | | | Bella, Suka, Max, Bono, Hulda, Pepe, Monty, Bandit, Matsku, | Many males, Merlin2 (Princess) | 24 | | | | | | | 26 | 77,5 |
| 1 | 2 | LB | Diva | ● | ● | | | Comet, Bandit, Matsku, Cherry, Madonna, | Hulda, Cloud. Too fast 4 Max, | 24 | | | | | | | 26 | 77,5 |
| 1 | 2 | LB | Mars | ● | ● | | | Fairly easy; Leon, Pepe, Jupi, Bino, Thunder | | 24 | | | | | | | 26 | 77,5 |
| 1 | 3 | 2L | Pinky (back booi | ● | ● | | | Cloud, Males, Samu , Max, Muller | Peanut, Bandit & clan, Diva, Suka, Sila, Arrow | 24 | | | | | | | 26 | 77,5 |
| 10 | 20 | LA | Max | ● | ● | | | Nearly anyone, good influence on Hulda, Save, Arvi | Pepe, Jupi | 12 | | | | | | | 14 | 15,5 |
| 10 | 20 | 2L | Venus | ● | ● | | | Madonna, Princess, Suka, Tundra, Okra, Blade | | 14 | | | | | | | 16 | 25,8 |
| 10 | 20 | LA | Pepe | ● | ● | | | Pinky, Matsku, fonina, Max, Samu, Arvi, | Bandit Max, Princess (can be grumpy so match carefully) | 22 | | | | | | | 24 | 70,6 |
| 10 | 20 | OD | Ruuti | ● | ● | | | Atlas, Pepe, Plan, Sanna, Much, Save most dogs | (Jopa) | 0 | | | | | | | 0 | 0,8 |

6.11 The dogs are exercised and used for work bearing in mind each individual's physical condition and eagerness to work. A log is kept on exercise, work and rest days.

RUNNING TOTALS COMPARISON SINCE 2009-10 WINTER SEASON

**Total Number of Dogs at HH by Year
& Ratio of Male:Female**



Top Dogs & Distance

| Year | Top Running Dog | Distance | Top Running Female | Distance | Difference |
|---------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|----------|------------|
| 2009-10 | Samu | 1425 | Hulda | 1310 | 115 |
| 2010-11 | Samu | 1790 | Matsku | 1658 | 132 |
| 2011-12 | Bino | 1852 | Matsku | 1600 | 252 |
| 2012-13 | Jupi | 2847 | Grumpy | 1926 | 921 |
| 2013-14 | Leon | 3151 | Saturn | 2249.5 | 901.5 |
| 2014-15 | Aki | 3166 | Saturn | 2233 | 933 |
| 2015-16 | Mars | 3376 | Arrow | 3053.5 | 322.5 |
| 2016-17 | Eureka | 3743.5 | Yena | 3013 | 730.5 |

TOP 10 BOYS

| | |
|-------|---------|
| Leon | 19445 |
| Nomad | 18045 |
| Bino | 17644.5 |
| Atlas | 17366 |
| Bono | 16955.5 |
| Mars | 16821 |
| Yoda | 16793 |
| Pluto | 16784.5 |
| Comet | 16460 |
| Nalle | 16311 |

TOP 10 GIRLS

| | |
|----------|---------|
| Suka | 14422 |
| Saturn | 13994.5 |
| Diva | 13669 |
| Grumpy | 13662.5 |
| Tuuli | 13311 |
| Bella | 13264 |
| Trouble | 13184.5 |
| Arrow | 12947 |
| Princess | 12842 |
| Pinky | 12800 |

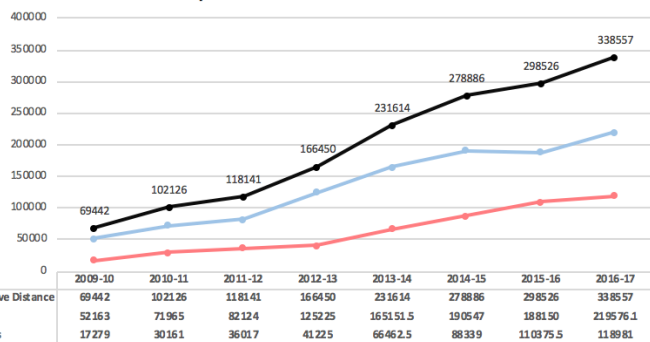
TOTAL DISTANCE RUN

1603742 km

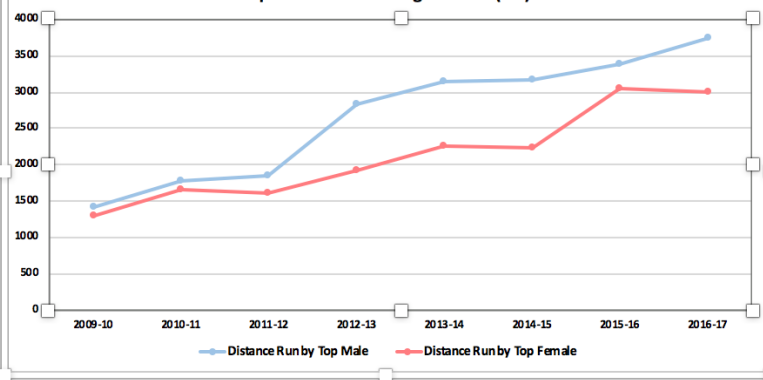
TOP DOG

**LEON
19445 km**

**Collective Distance Run in Season (km)
& separated into male vs female**



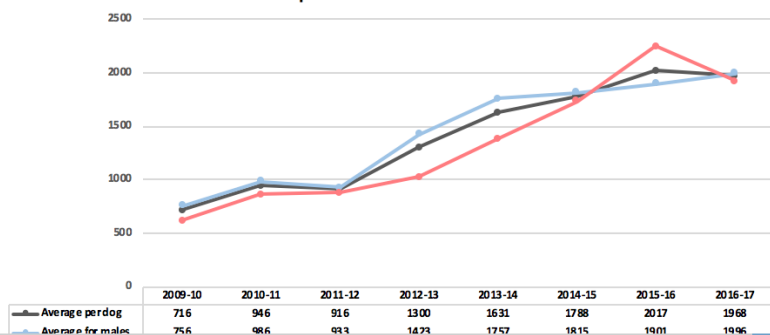
Top Male & Female Dog Distance (km)



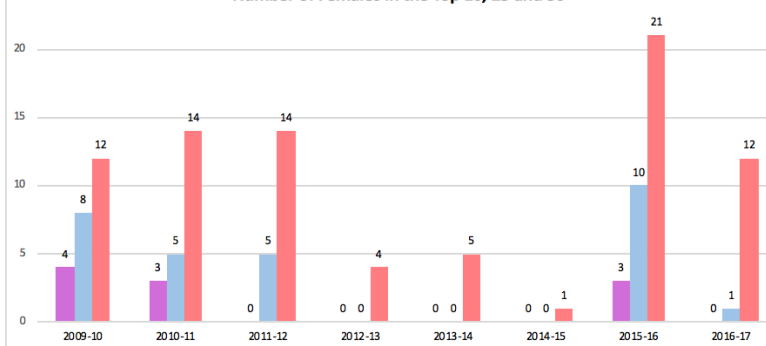
Number of Times in Top 10

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|----------|--------|-------|------|
| Bino | Atlas | Aleu | Leon |
| Eka | Bono | Nalle | |
| Blade | Eureka | Mars | |
| Bruno | Samu | | |
| Jupi | | | |
| Keri | | | |
| Much | | | |
| Osman | | | |
| Pepe | | | |
| Pluto | | | |
| Princess | | | |
| Tengri | | | |

**Average Distance Run by Year
& separated into male vs female**



Number of Females in the Top 10, 25 and 50



We analyse performance and share it in a fun way with clients...
Eg the dogs have run 37 times around the world or to the moon and back twice...





7) Love your DOGS



Downhills
Uphills
Corners
Overtaking
Separating Fights

Feet
Faces
Limping
Booties
Ulcer symptoms...stop immediately.



Our expectations w.r.t. your helping in am & pm & pros and cons...*(If not keen, work out a rota or you might not see your guides much!)*
Don't put yourself in danger

If struggling to hold the team, put the anchor in...

Road Crossings







11

ABTA's Assessment required:

an absence of injuries,

An absence of fear

An absence of aggression

An absence of illness

?

All of these things should be able to be found in a normal population.

If they are not, that is more worrying.

Dogs are put down by a veterinarian (GK 6.21) when all reasonable attempts to preserve their health have failed. We keep records of ages and reasons for death so that we can know the average life spans of both those in the farm and those post adoption (GK 6.22)

We have no accidental litters. (GK 6.21 and 6.23)





Planned Parenthood Process



Injured dogs go to the vet if they cannot be given sufficient first aid on site. The vet's number is on our staff contact sheet.

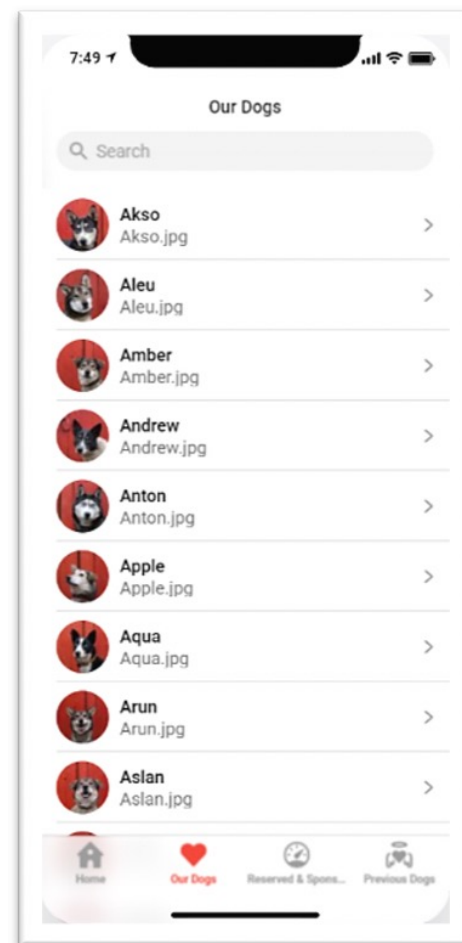
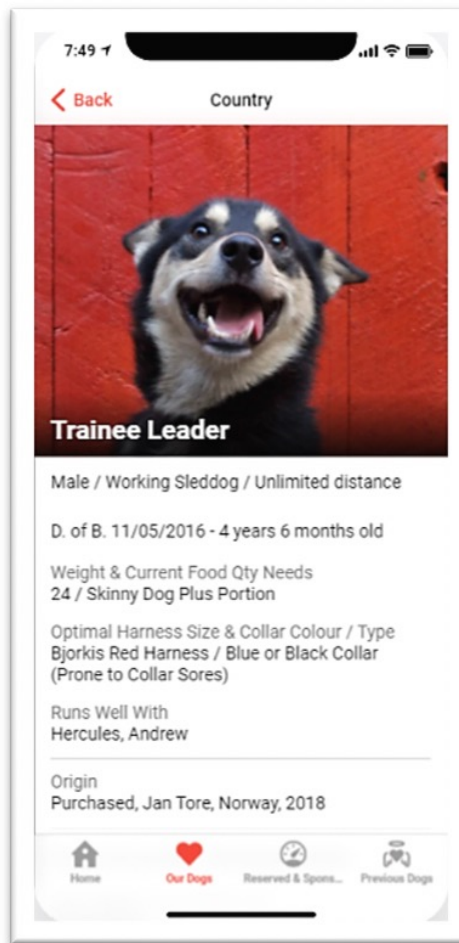
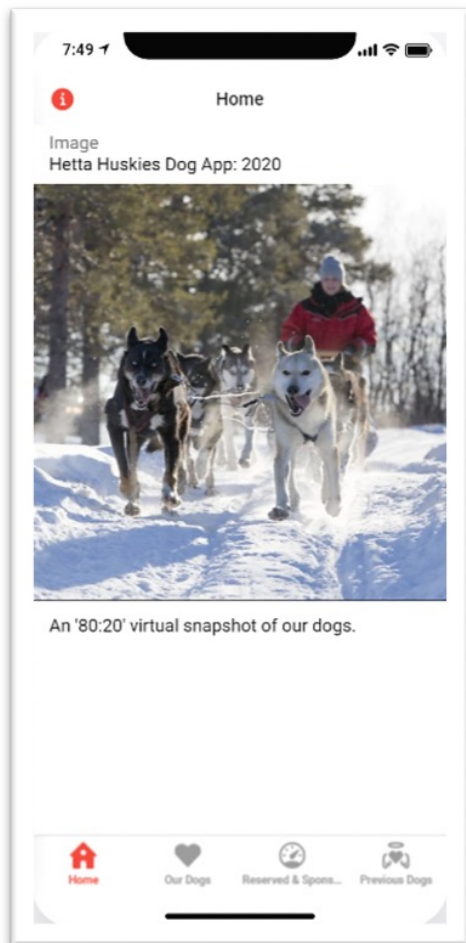
Of course having a vet available is a different matter.

In case of fire, we would relocate the dogs to our secondary location at Kallo.

Dogs needing medications are monitored through complex systems that ensure that they are given what they need.



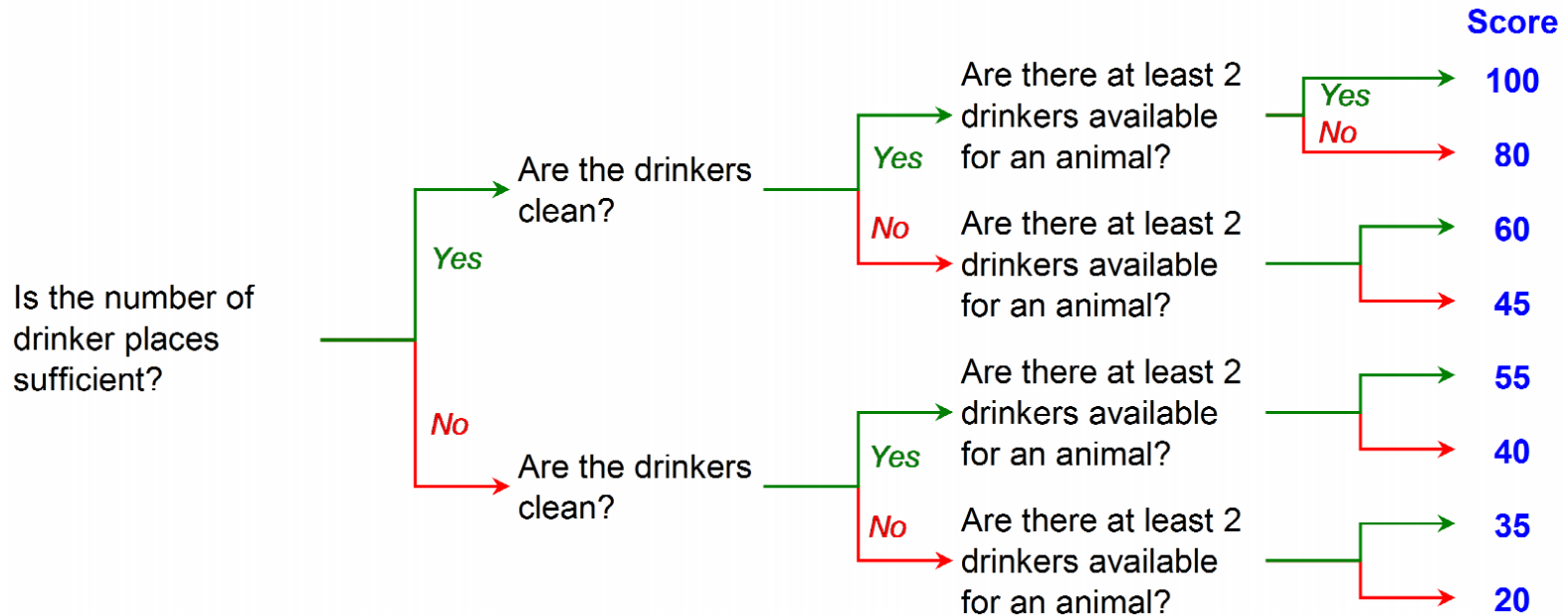
Download
our Hetta
Huskies Dog
App here:



Our dog app is a visual representation about just a bit of the information that we record about the dogs – from pedigree, health, medication, vaccinations etc. We also have training related records and apps, adoption apps etc. All of our dogs are chipped, vaccinated etc. (GK 6.18)

Explanation box 1: Decision tree as applied to absence of prolonged thirst in growing pigs

Thirst is not assessed directly on animals because signs of dehydration can be detected only in extreme cases. Rather, the number of drinking places, their functioning and their cleanliness are assessed. The recommended number of pigs is calculated (10 pigs per functioning drinking place and 5 for a drinking place of reduced capacity). If there are more pigs in the pen than recommended then the number of drinking places is considered insufficient. Thereafter, cleanliness of drinkers and whether pigs have access to two drinkers in the same pen is considered. The following decision tree is applied:



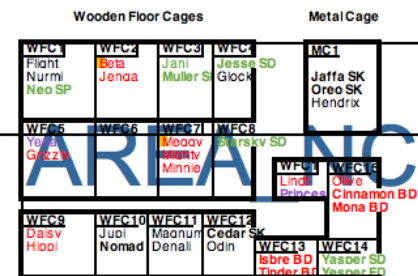
Feeding & Pooping





Each dog is chained for its individually determined diet quantity, during feeding and so that we can monitor its water intake. (Water constantly available in non-freezing months and available two to five times per day (depending on location and running frequency) in winter.

Dogs are fed at minimum twice per day but also after each run.

[illegible]

| GENERATED DATA | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| MORNING SOUP | | EVENING FOOD | |
| AREA | WATER | AREA | WATER |
| SGA | 5 | SGA | 5 |
| NC | 3.5 | NC | 4 |
| LHC | 5 | LHC | 4 |
| FFC | 5 | FFC | 5 |
| LHD | 4 | LHD | 4 |
| FGS | 3 | FGS | 3 |
| TOTAL | 24 | TOTAL | 24 |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN GRAMS | POUND & BLOCK NUMBERS |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| # DRY BAGS | MEAT PREPARATION | | |
| SGA | 57 | 228.14 | |
| NC | 35 | | |
| LHC | 42 | | |
| FFC | 53 | | |
| LHD | 46 | | |
| FGS | 28 | | |
| TOTAL | 263 | | |

| MEAT PREPARATION | | MEAT PER MB IN |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------|

Big RF
Blade SD
Save
Pekki Timon SD

Girls R Circles
Una BD
Nuna
Eclipse FD
Laura BD

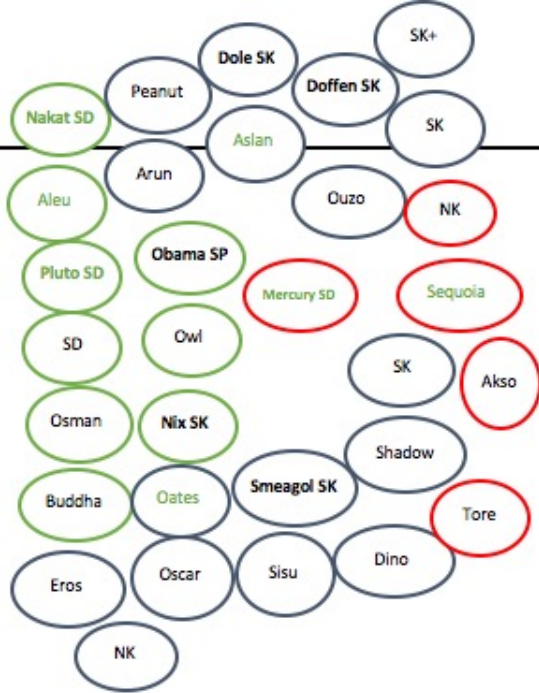
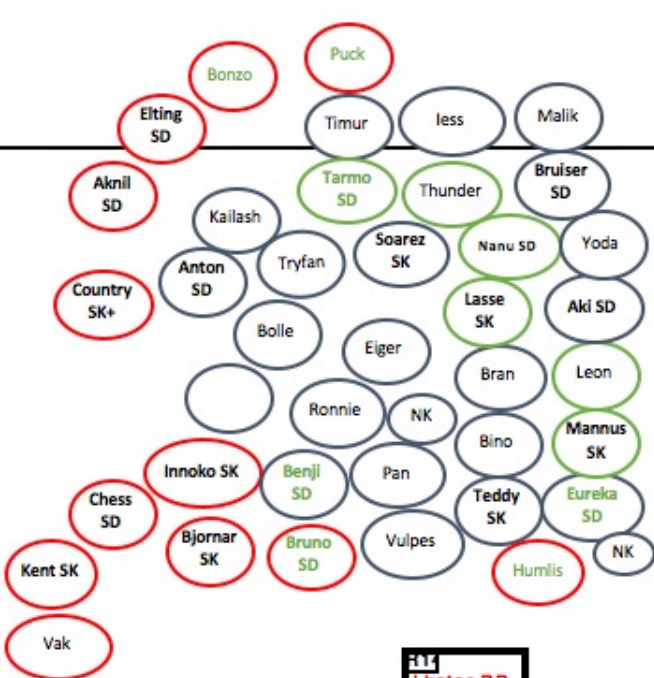
Shady Pines

L1 Kiri Kiri SD
Herbie
L2 Banda
Zeta FD
L3 Samu SD
Sanna FD
Diva
L4 Buachaille
Quercus SK
L5 Mina BD
Vivi FD
L6 Hob Nob SK

Reading Keys
Merlin 1
Tarvos
Pinkv
Trouble
Tenari SP
Madonna FD
Miri BD

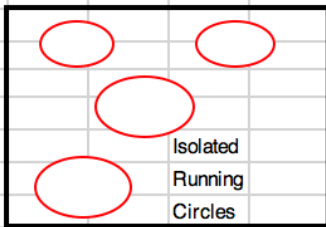
116 Hulda
Suka FD
117 Venia
Venus FD
Saturn
118 Luna
Bella
119 Moonshine SK
Aida
120 Edna SD
Manso SD
121 Halla
Amber
122 Elle
Lila
123 Balto SP
Toto

Red House
Koukoun BD
Small RF
Keri SD
Nalle SD



R1 Gamma
Svale
R2 Willow SK
Grumov
Flara SK
R3 Midori
Mimosa
PH Anouk
Milky
Targa
R4 Frida
Abole BD
Maple BD
R5 Sia
Tahti
Tundra
R6 Mollis BD
Duotta
R7 Calvoso
Selleli
Storm
R8 Hazel
Cullin BD
Malm BD
R9 Umi BD
Tikka
Keksi
R10 Lhotse BD
Pendora SK
Lyra BD
R11 Dunhill
Billie
R12 Aqua BD
R13 June SK
Hope SK
R14 Andrew
Hercules
R15 Narvis SK
Uzi BD
R16 Pia SK
R17 Nea
R18 Cookie BD
Breeze
R19 Haav
Bella

Wooden Floor Cages
WFC1 Flight
Nurmi
Neo SP
WFC2 Beta
Jenaa
WFC3 Jani
Muller S
WFC4 Jesse SD
Glock
WFC5 Yena
Gazzw
WFC6 Meadv
WFC7 Meadv
WFC8 Starsky SD
MC1 Jaffa SK
Oreo SK
Hendrix
WFC9 Daisy
Hibol
WFC10 Juul
Nomad
WFC11 Maanum
Denali
WFC12 Cedar SK
Odin
WFC13 Isbre BD
Tinder BD
WFC14 Yasoer SD
Yasner ED
Metal Cage
WFC1 Lindi
Brinnes
WFC2 Ollie
Cinnamon BD
Mona BD



Water: 1 canister
per 10 Dogs

MB Meat Bucket

Dry

Poop shovel

Poop Pulk

Pooping triangle

BIG RUNNING
FENCE

SMALL
RUNNING
FENCE

SDA

Red House

Start

Metal Cage

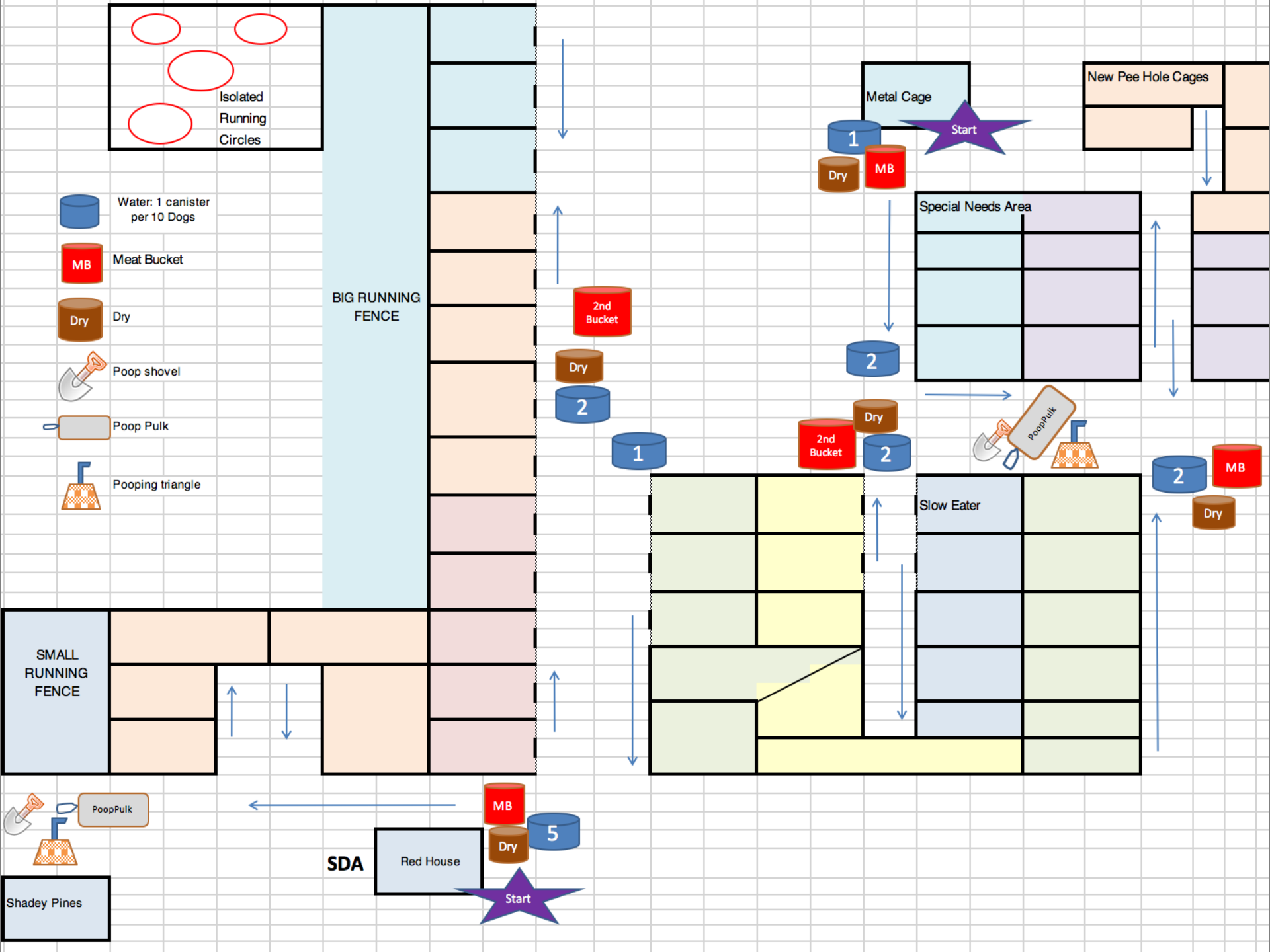
Start

New Pee Hole Cages

Special Needs Area

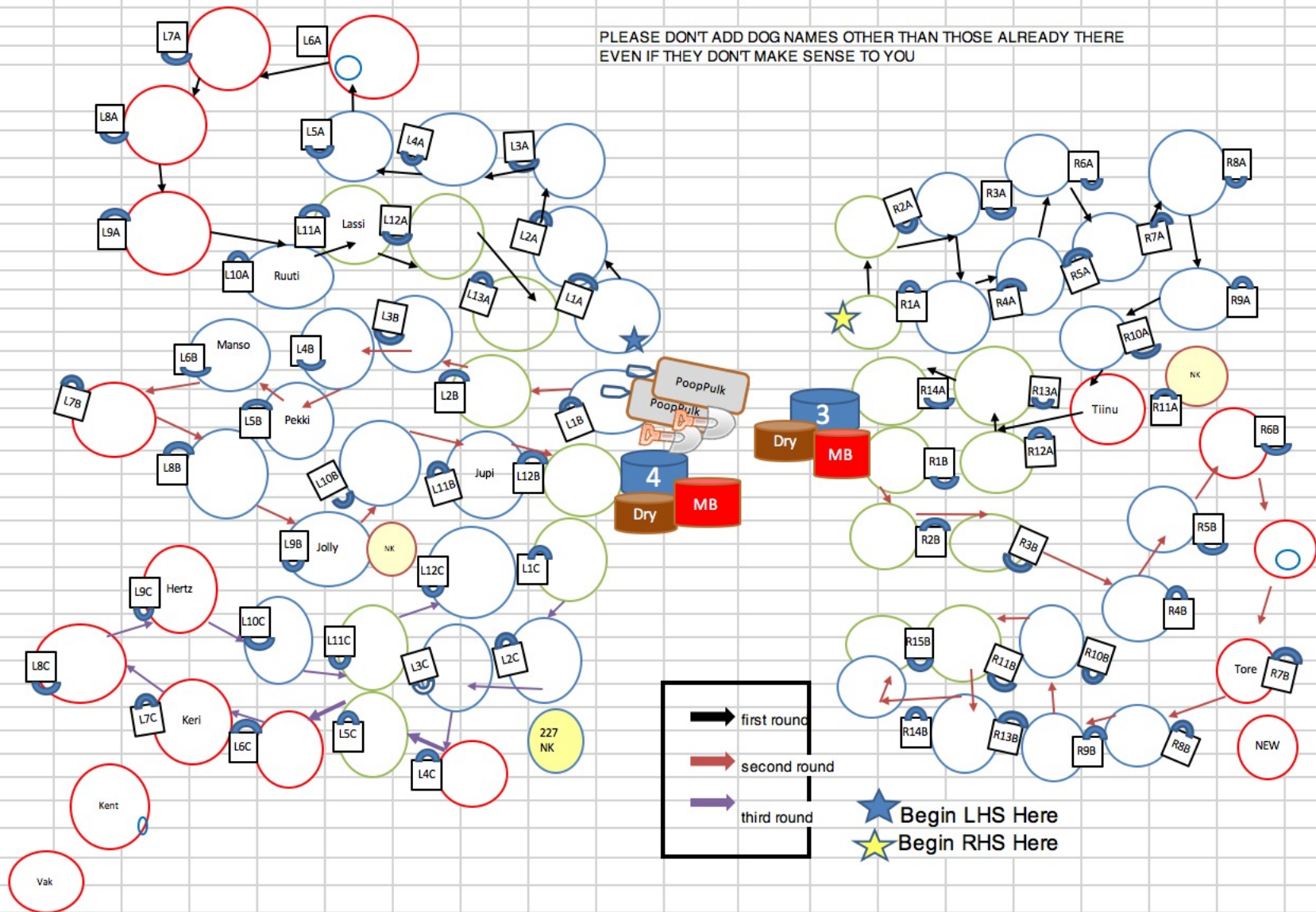
Slow Eater

Shadey Pines



LEAN PATHWAY Winter 18

PLEASE DON'T ADD DOG NAMES OTHER THAN THOSE ALREADY THERE
EVEN IF THEY DON'T MAKE SENSE TO YOU









Some people think that it is kinder to put a sleddog down than allow it to go to a new home?



Active Adoption & Sponsorship
Scheme
Which helps a lot but can't be
relied on






These two shots were taken a week apart... From the Arctic to the South of France... Who says old dogs can't learn new tricks?

This is also a positive social media message linked to #adoptdon'tshop

Photos of Hetta Huskies Rehomed



**Jue James** ▸ **Hetta Huskies Rehomed**
26 June · 📍

Trying out the hammock!

👍 10

💬 1 Comment

👍 Like

💬 Comment



Margot Newman pilgrim definitely knows which side his bread is buttered on now!. Looks like he has always been with you. x

👍 1



Write a comment...

😊 📷 GIF 🎭

People you may know

See All



Destiny is not a matter of chance, it is a
matter of choice;
it is not a thing to be waited
for, it is a thing to be achieved.

Winston Churchill

